AF ICLE APPEARED ON PAGE E 23

THE WASHINGTON POST 15 October 1981

Palestinian **Holds Contract** For U.S. Arms

The exclusive contract for shipping U.S. arms to Egypt is held by a company that was founded by a Pai-

"100 percent certain" that some of an Part of the Camp David peace the U.S. munitions were diverted to accords signed in March, 1979, pro-Palestinian groups and other electivided for billions of dollars in Amerments opposed to assessinated Egyp- in ican arms shipments to Egypt. Le-

What makes the situation all the more startling is the involvement of a lucrative shipping contract. cabinet ministers and other high Egyptian officials in the secret contract manipulations. Amazingly, the arms shipment contract wound up with the Palestinian, an itinerant merchant named Ali el Shorafa. ... they were correct.

Indy Badhwar have identified sev-Gen. Mounir Sabet, chief of military procurement for Egypt and brotherbarak; Kamal Hassan Ali, daputy: nancial backer was Ali Shorafa. premier and foreign minister, and

chief of covert operations in the CIA. He is also a close friend of Edwin-Wilson, the renegade ex-CIA agent who jumped bail after indictment for smuggling munitions to Libyan dictator Muammar Qaddafi. Wilson has been identified as one of those working behind the scenes to get the arms-shipping contract for the Palestinian firm.

Pentagon, and industry estinian and may still be controlled ... sources describe the Egyptian arms him. deal as one of the most suspicious. Egyptian sources say they are they've ever seen. Here's why:

tian President Anwar Sadat. So sen gitimate American and Egyptian businessmen eagerly went after the

In April, 1979, these businessmen suspected that an exclusive contract had already been awarded to a littleknown company called Tersam. Two secret letters I've obtained show that

My associates Dale Van Atta and ... At the time, Tersam was little more than offices in Geneva and eral Egyptian big shots who have ... Washington. It had no experience in been actively associated with the shipping. The front man in Egypt back-room deal. These include Brig. was an Egyptian intelligence officer. named Hussan Salem; ex-CIA official Clines was the man in Washingin-law of Vice President Hosni Mu-:- ton. But the silent partner and fi-

It wasn't till Shorafa hooked up Defense Minister Abu Ghazalas with Salem that his fortunes dramat-The American connection was ically improved. Salem brought in Thomas Clines, a former deputy: the high officials of the Sadat re-

gime, and Shorafa's dark-horse company won the race for the arms shipment contract.

One thing is clear: the Pentagon didn't know Tersam's background, didn't trust the company and refused to let it ship anything for eight months.

onths.

The matter came to a head when then-president Carter and Sadat agreed that some early, visible military support from the United States was essential. They settled on some hardware that would be part of the annual Oct. 6 military parade, the same event that was chosen by Sadat's assassins two years later.

"There's no way we were going to jeopardize the Oct. 6 parade shipments by passing them to that company," said a Pentagon official. So the Defense Department handled the first eight months of arms shipments itself.

Meanwhile, the Defense Intelligence Agency and some honest Egyptian officials were checking into Tersam's credentials. It was soon clear that the company was not qualified to handle the arms shipments.

Tersam solved this problem by subcontracting with legitimate shippers and changing its name to Egyptian American Transport and Services Corp. Clines became 49 percent owner of Tersam's new incarnation. But the predecessor company ownsthe other 51 percent and sources believe Shorafa, the Palestinian exile, still owns most of that